

Béliveau, M. J., Moss, E. (2009). Le rôle joué par les événements stressants sur la transmission intergénérationnelle de l'attachement. (The role of stressful life events on the intergenerational transmission of attachment.) *European Review of Applied Psychology/Revue Européenne de Psychologie Appliquée (European Review of Applied Psychology / European Journal of Applied Psychology)*, 59, 47-58.

**Author Abstract:**

Associations between maternal internal working models (IWM) (adult attachment projective: AAP) [George, C., West, M., Pettem, O., 1997, Manuscrit non publié. Mills College, Californie], preschool child attachment (separation–reunion procedure) [Cassidy, J., Marvin, R. S., 1992. Attachment organization in preschool children: procedures and coding manual. Manuscrit non publié. MacArthur Working Group on Attachment; *Dev Psychol* 24 (1988) 415–526] and stressful life-events were examined in 119 dyads. A convergence for transmission similar to what has been reported in the literature [*Psychol Bull* 117(3) (1995) 387–403] was found (76% for security,  $\kappa = 0.53$ ;  $p < 0.001$ ). Moreover, unresolved mothers with disorganized–controlling children reported more stressful life-events ( $F [3, 106] = 4.70$ ;  $p < 0.01$ ). The present study therefore indicates the importance of including contextual factors [van IJzendoorn, M.H., Bakermans-Kranenburg, M.J., 1997. Intergenerational transmission of attachment: a move to the contextual level.]